

HALF MOON REEF RESTORATION

Restoring Form and Function of a Historical Reef in Matagorda Bay

Mark Dumesnil, The Nature Conservancy



The Nature Conservancy
Protecting nature. Preserving life.™



West Matagorda Bay 1904

Half Moon

Mad Island

Shell

Dog Island

East Matagorda Bay

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR
BUREAU OF FISHERIES
CHART
OF PART OF
MATAGORDA BAY
TEXAS

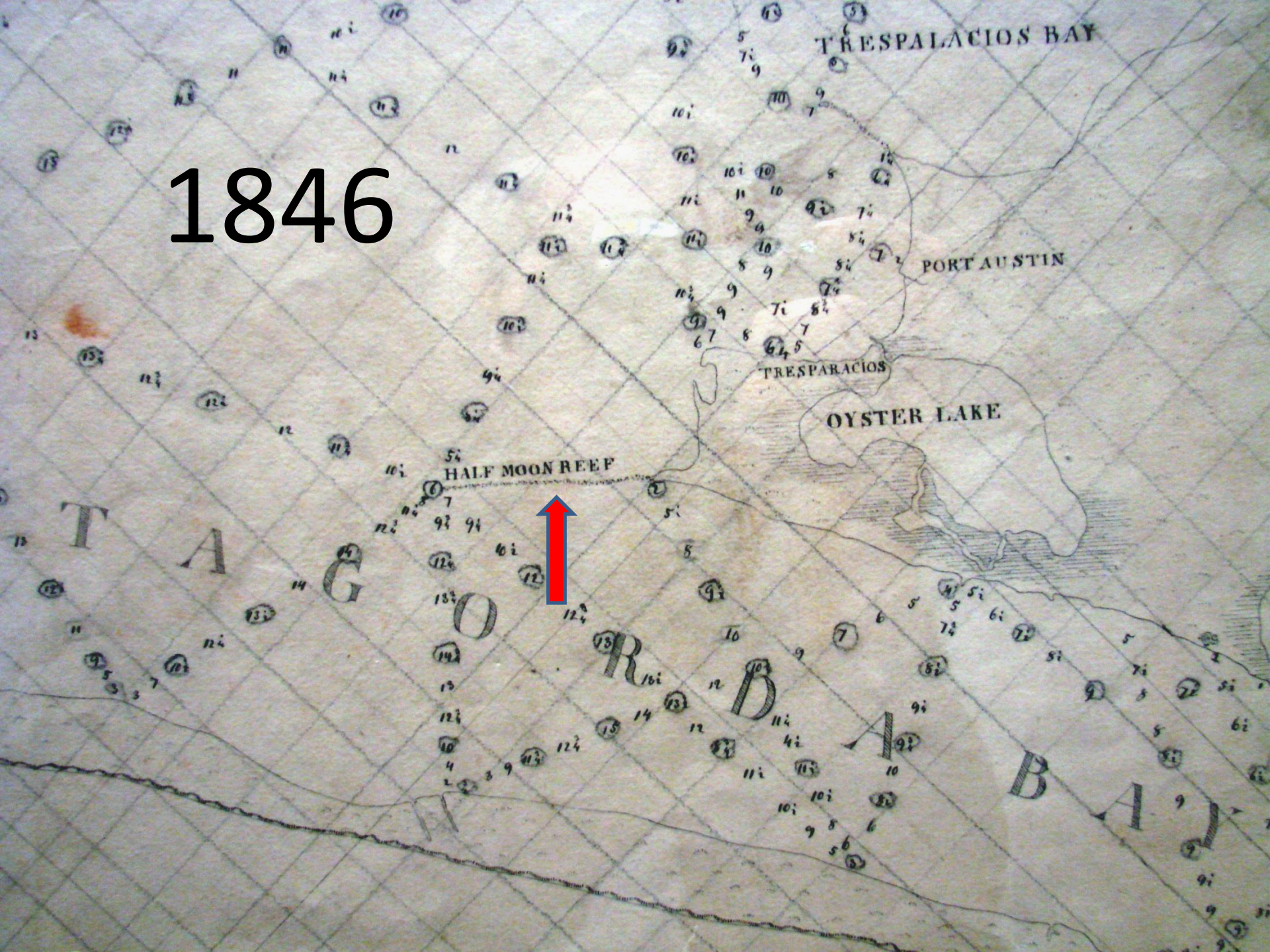
SHOWING LOCATION OF OYSTER BEDS
DEPTH AND SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF THE WATER
AND CHARACTER OF THE BOTTOM
FROM A SURVEY MADE UNDER THE DIRECTION
OF H. F. MOORE

DECEMBER 1904 TO MAY 1905

Explanation of Symbols
 Oysters, very scattering, beds averaging per acre less than 25 bushels of oysters over 3 inches long
 Oysters, scattering, beds averaging per acre between 25 and 100 bushels of oysters over 3 inches long
 Oysters, dense, beds averaging per acre more than 100 bushels of oysters over 3 inches long
 Reefs and shell banks exposed during low water
 Depth and figures in red indicate bottom density of water and sets of observation
 Figures in black indicate depth in feet at mean low water in winter
 Coast Survey triangulation stations used in the present survey
 Triangulation stations established for the present survey

Abbreviations
 S. Sand
 M. Mud
 L. Light Mud
 H. Hard Mud
 V. Very Hard Mud
 S. S. Sand
 M. M. Mud
 L. L. Light Mud
 H. H. Hard Mud
 V. V. Very Hard Mud

1846





HALF MOON REEF LIGHTHOUSE
1858 – 1942 (deactivated)

Oyster Reefs at Risk and Recommendations for Conservation, Restoration, and Management

Michael W. Beck, Robert D. Brumbaugh, Laura Airoidi, Alvar Carranza, Loren D. Coen,
Christine Crawford, Omar Defeo, Graham J. Edgar, Boze Hancock, Matthew C. Kay, Hunter
S. Lenihan, Mark W. Luckenbach, Caitlyn L. Torpova, Guofan Zhang, and Ximing Guo.
(2011)

www.biosciencemag.org

“We examined the condition of oysters reefs across 144 bays and 44 ecoregions; our comparisons of past with present abundances indicate that more than 90% of them have been lost in bays (70%) and ecoregions (63%). In many bays, more than 99% of oyster reefs have been lost and are functionally extinct. Overall, we estimate that 85% of oyster reefs have been lost globally.”

Historical ecology with real numbers: past and present extent and biomass of an imperiled estuarine habitat

Philine S. E. Ermgassen, Mark Spalding, Brady Blake, Loren D. Coen, Brett Dumbauld, Steve Geiger, Jonathan H. Grabowski, Raymond Grizzel, Mark Luckenbach, Kay McGraw, William Rodney, Jennifer L. Ruesink, Sean P. Powers and Robert Brumbaugh. (2012)

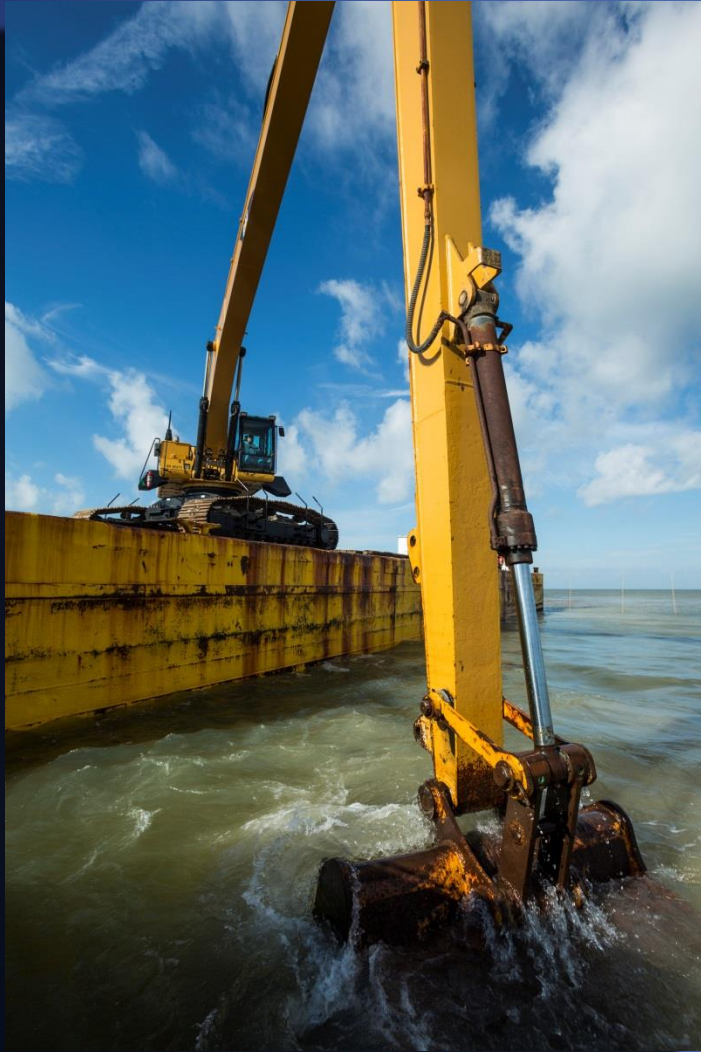
rspb.royalsocietypublishing.org

“Data from 24 estuaries allowed comparison of historic to present extent and biomass. We found evidence for a 64 percent decline in the spatial extent of oyster habitat and an 88 percent decline in oyster biomass over time. The difference between these two numbers illustrates that current aerial extent measures may be masking significant loss of habitat through degradation.”

What did we want our restored reef to accomplish?



Half Moon Reef Restoration



OTHER OBJECTIVES:

Long-term Structural Stability

Long-term Sustainability

Advance Reef Restoration Science

Monitoring Innovation

Enhanced Ecosystem Services

Reef Restoration Purpose (Design)

Project Implementation Challenges



EXTERNAL

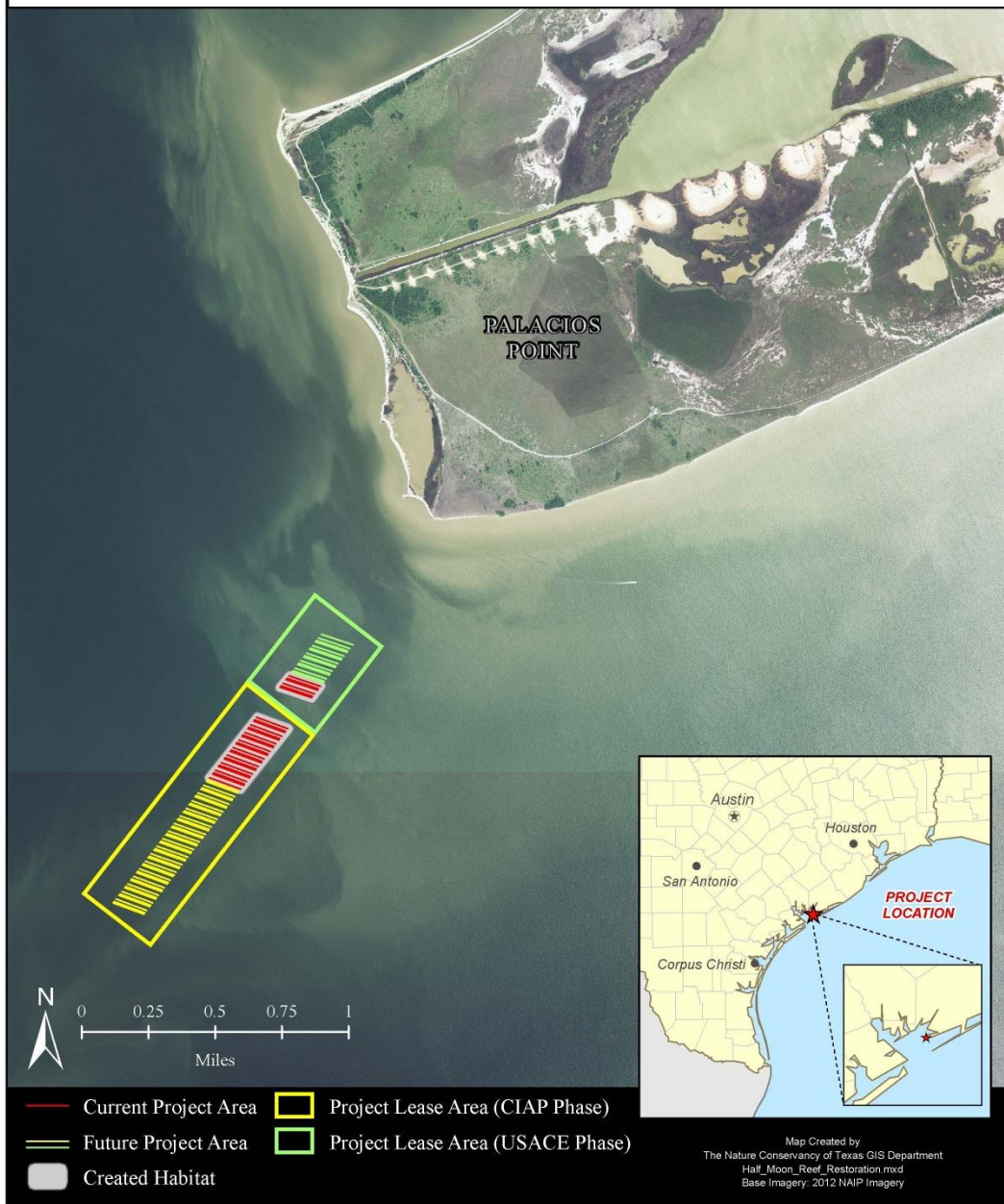
- Planning, Engineering, Design
- USACE Construction Permitting
- Environmental Assessment Reviews
- State Leasing of Subsurface
- Harvest Closures
- Project Partners Expectations
- Navigational Issues



INTERNAL (TNC)

- Project Risk Assessments
 - Financial
 - Environmental
 - Organizational
- Grant Administration (\$5.5M)
- Adequate Performance Monitoring

Half Moon Reef Restoration Project Matagorda County, Texas



DESIGN ENGINEERING

PHASE I

FWS/GLO/TNC PARTNERSHIP

\$3,800,000

34 acres

PHASE II

USACE/TNC PARTNERSHIP

\$1,600,000

15 acres

MONITORING

Texas A&M University
Dr. Jennifer Pollack



SHELL HASH
HARD SAND

NW Permit NE Permit

SW Permit SE Permit

INITIAL REEF SURVEY 2009

Funded by:

The Nature Conservancy
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

USACE Permit
SWG-2012-00305
356 acres

Google earth



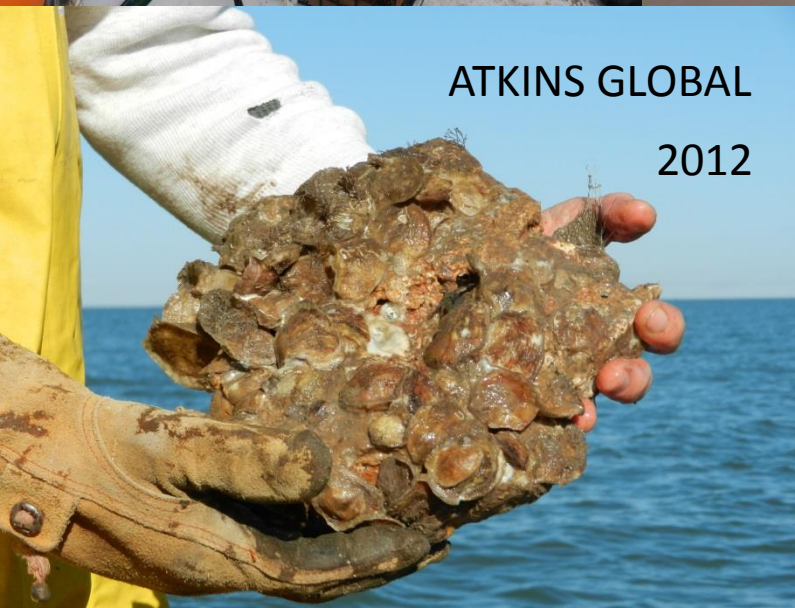
2011



Pre-Construction Sampling

2011

TWDB



ATKINS GLOBAL

2012



TAMU-CC 2013

POST CONSTRUCTION MONITORING

Structural Monitoring

- Vertical and Horizontal Reef Stability

Ecological Monitoring

- Oyster Colonization and Recruitment
- Oyster Size Class Distribution, Density and Disease
- Reef Resident Density and Diversity
- Epibenthic Density and Diversity
- Water Quality Measurements
- Recreational Fish Usage

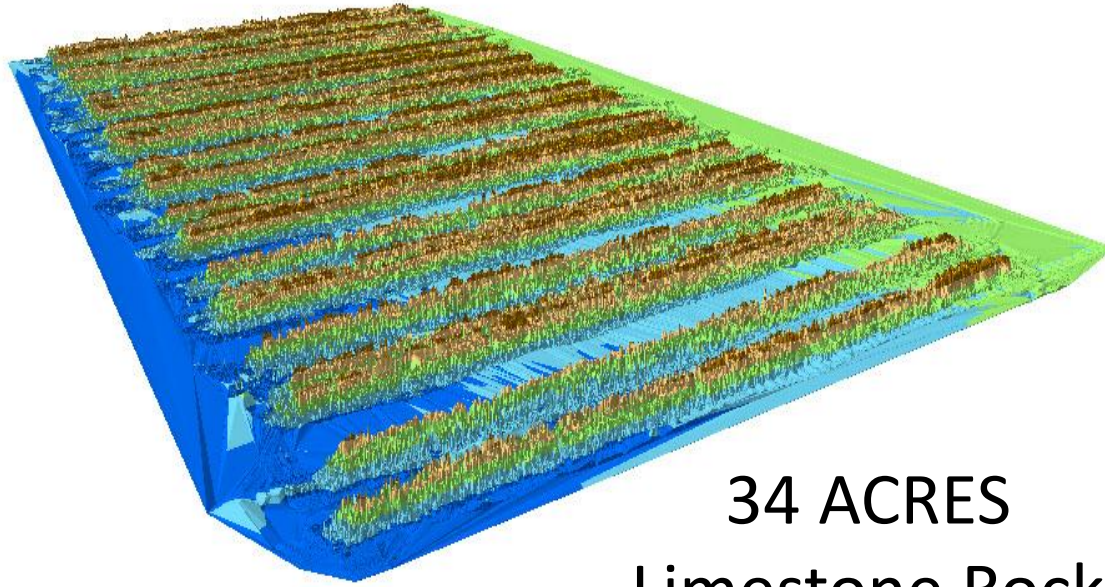
Socio-Economic Monitoring and Evaluation

- Angler Usage, Satisfaction, and Economic Impact



HALF MOON REEF – POST CONSTRUCTION MONITORING

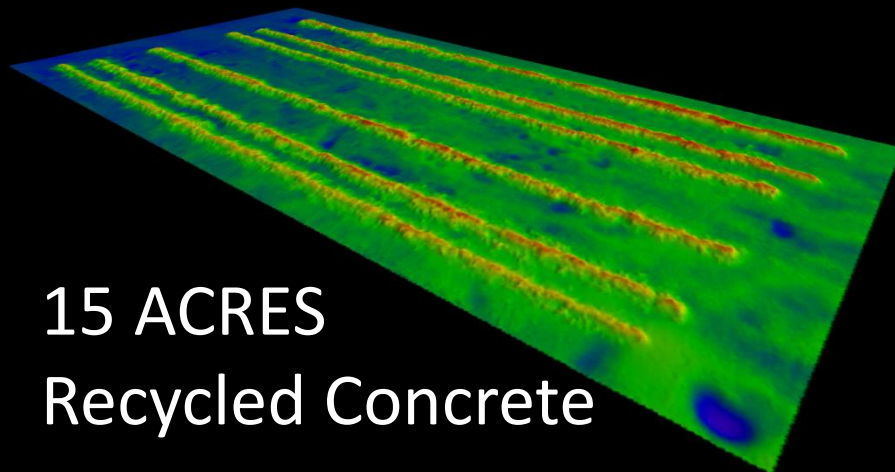
STRUCTURAL MONITORING



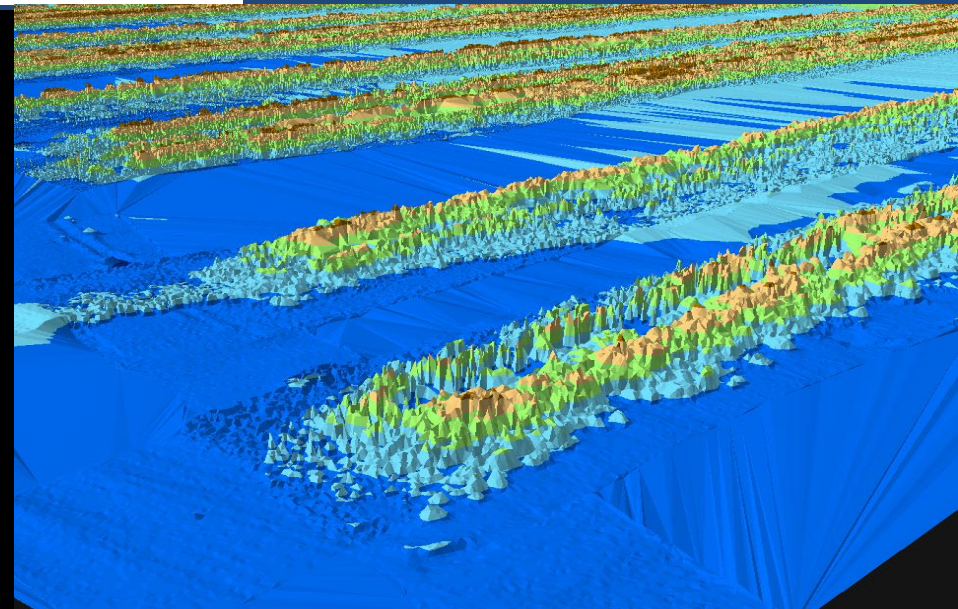
34 ACRES
Limestone Rock

Multi-beam Side Scan
Bathymetric Survey

369,698 xyz cells
1.5 x 1.5 ft.



15 ACRES
Recycled Concrete



POST CONSTRUCTION MONITORING

SUCTION SAMPLING

Quantifying
Density and Diversity of Reef-Dependent
Finfish and Macroinvertebrates

OYSTER REEF
EXPERIMENT
HARTI
NO ANCHOR
NO DREDGE
FOR INFO
361-825-2000



POST CONSTRUCTION MONITORING

BENTHIC TOWS

Quantify Density and Diversity of
Macroinvertebrates
and Finfish



POST CONSTRUCTION MONITORING

CULTCH SAMPLING

OYSTERS

COLONIZATION AND RECRUITMENT

POPULATION STRUCTURE

POPULATION DENSITY

DISEASE





LIMESTONE ROCK JULY 22, 2014

HALF MOON REEF

LIMESTONE

HALF MOON REEF
July 13, 2015



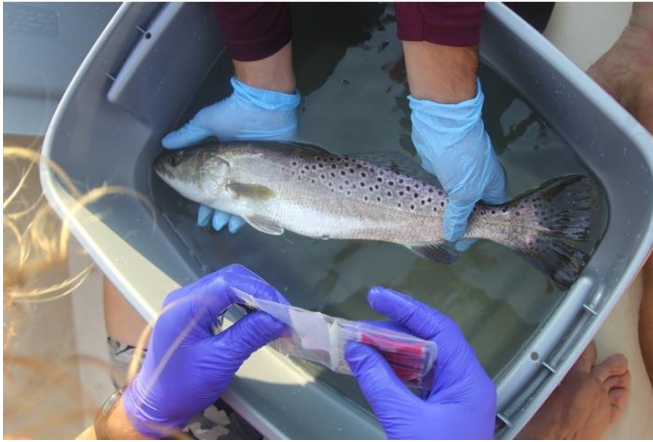


RECYCLED CONCRETE JULY 22, 2014

HALF MOON REEF

Concrete HALF MOON R.
July 13, 2015





Passive Acoustic Telemetry
Texas A&M University - Galveston



Angler Surveys 2015-2016



Knowledge
Of Half Moon Reef

Support for Reef
Restoration

Angler Satisfaction

Economic Analysis

Online Surveys



A wide-angle photograph of a body of water under a vast, cloudy sky. The sun is positioned high in the center, creating a bright glow and a shimmering reflection on the water's surface. A small boat with several people is visible on the horizon line. The word "END" is superimposed in the center of the image.

END

HALF MOON REEF RESTORATION MATAGORDA BAY